# **Secure Erase Options**

for Solid State Drives (SSDs)

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### **Why Secure Erase Is Important**

## Computer loss and theft:

- Statistics show that 1 of every 14 laptops is stolen, and over 2,000 computers are stolen every day in this country. ((Information Week)
- A computer is stolen every 43 seconds
- Over 98% of stolen laptops are never recovered. (FBI)
- A survey of 769 corporate IT managers revealed that 64% had experienced laptop theft. (Tech Republic)

Source: The U.K. Times Information Security Supplement, 27March2007



# **Legal Penalties for Failure to Sanitize Data**

The following table summarizes the fines and jail penalties for violation of the data security laws.

	Gramm-Leach- Bliley	Sarbanes-Oxley	FACTA	НІРАА
	Financial Services Modernization Act	Public Company Accounting Reform & Investor Protection Act	Fair and Accurate Credit Transaction Act	Health Insurance Portability & Accountability Act
Directors and Officers	\$10,000	\$1,000,000		\$50,000 to \$250,000
Institution	\$100,000			
Years in Prison	5 to 12 years	20 years		1 to 10 years
FDIC Insurance	Terminated			
Impact on Operations	Cease and Desist			
Individual	\$1,000,000		Civil Action	\$25,000
Institution	1% of assets			

Source: CMRR



#### **Where Secure Erase is Needed**

#### **Application Examples**

- 1. Mission Critical Applications
- 2. Military, Defense
- 3. Government Systems
- 4. Public health agency
- 5. Financial and insurance institutions
- 6. Banking systems
- 7. High Reliable Enterprise
- 8. High Reliable Stock / Security Exchange
- 9. Public Security
- 10. Medical Equipment



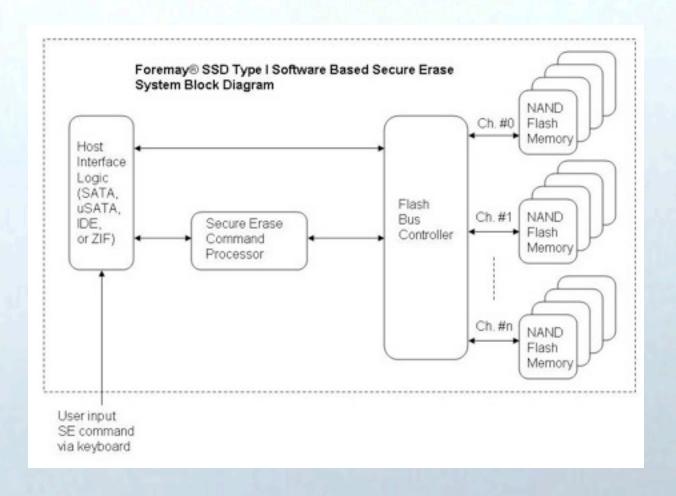
# Why Deleting a File is not Adequate

- In a regular SSD, deleting a file only removes its name from the directory or file table
  - User data remains until overwritten by new data
  - Reformatting the SSD also leaves data intact
- Need to overwrite all user data in allocated blocks, file tables, and data in reallocated defective blocks



# **FOREMAY** Secure Erase Types – Type I

Type I – Software-based SE through ATA command.



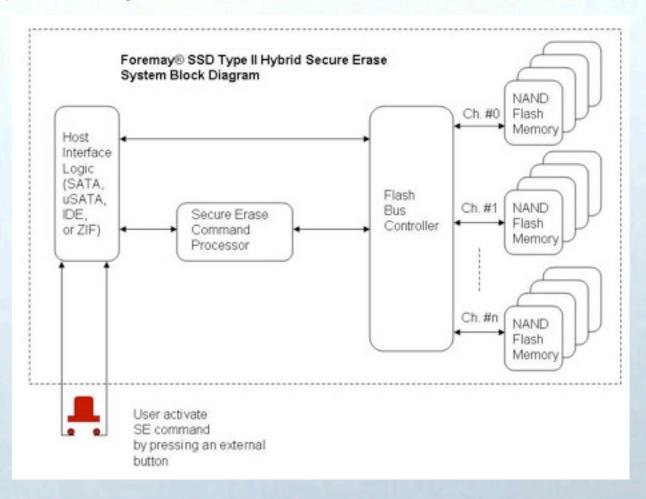
#### Features:

- Uses sanitize command
- Drive not suitable for reuse as bad block table also erased (but option for reuse)



## **Secure Erase Types – Type II**

#### Type II – Hybrid software and hardware combined Secure Erase



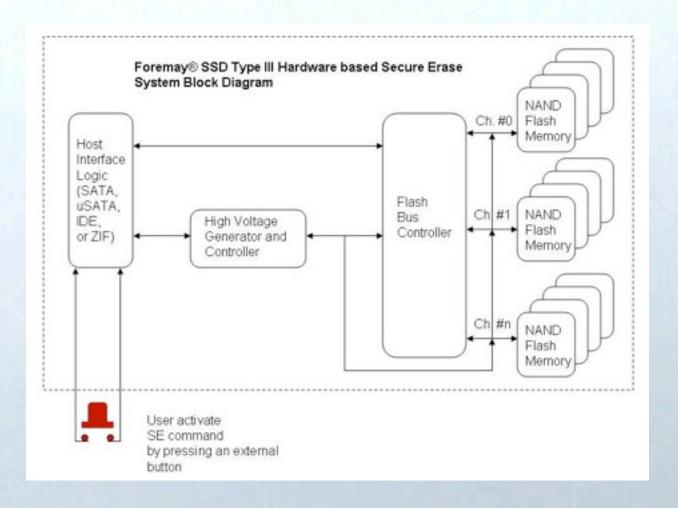
#### Features:

- Uses external button and internal firmware
- Drive suitable for reuse after reformatting



#### **Secure Erase Types – Type III**

Type III – Hardware based one-key self-destroy disk purge



#### Features:

- Uses external button
- High voltage destroys NAND flash in 3 sec.
- Drive not usable after purge



Foremay SE Type	Mechanism	SE Speed (approx.)	Reusable after SE
Type I	Software based SE through ATA command	5 seconds for every 32GB	Yes or No per request
Type II	Hybrid software and hardware combined SE	5 seconds for every 32GB	Yes
Type III	Hardware based one-key self-destroy	3 seconds for entire SSD	No



### **Secure Erase Standards**

# Foremay's Avalanche® Secure Erase Technologies Support the Following Secure Erase Methods

- 1. DoD 5220.22-M
- 2. IREC (IRIG) 106
- 3. Air Force AFSSI 5020
- 4. Navy NAVSO P-5239-26
- 5. Army 380-19
- 6. NSA Manual 130-2
- 7. NISPOMSUP Chap 8, Sect. 8-501
- 8. Filled with all "0"
- 9. Filled with all "1"
- 10. Random fill
- 11. Gutmann method
- 12. Customized fill



## **FOREMAY**<sup>®</sup> Secure Erase SSD Interfaces

Foremay's Avalanche® Secure Erase Technologies Support the Following SSD Interfaces

- 1. SATA
- 2. micro SATA
- 3. IDE/PATA
- 4. PCIe / PCI Express
- 5. SAS
- 6. SCSI
- 7. ZIF
- 8. LIF
- 9. mini PCle
- 10. CF card
- 11. Industrial USB



## **Questions?**



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