



Software Perspective on e•MMC



August 23, 2012

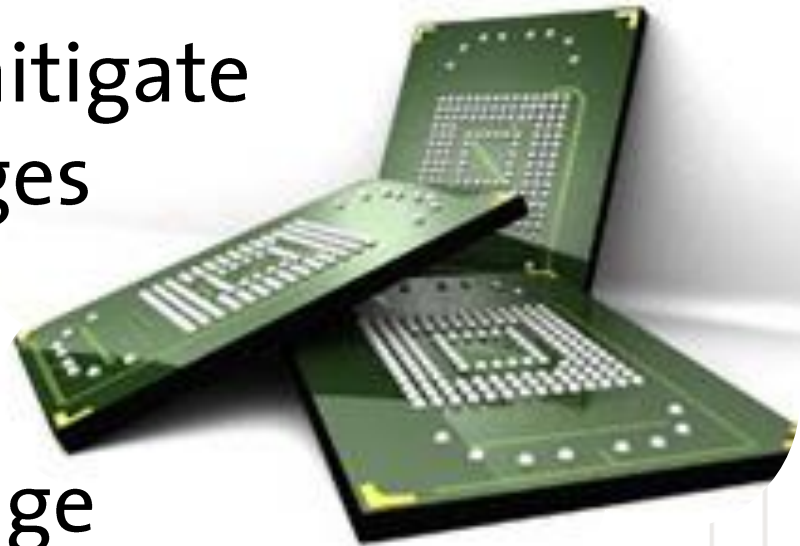
Thom Denholm

Technical Product Manager, Datalight

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Agenda

- Embedded industry embraces e•MMC
- How software can mitigate unexpected challenges
- Retaining & enhancing your competitive advantage



Flash Options are Diverging



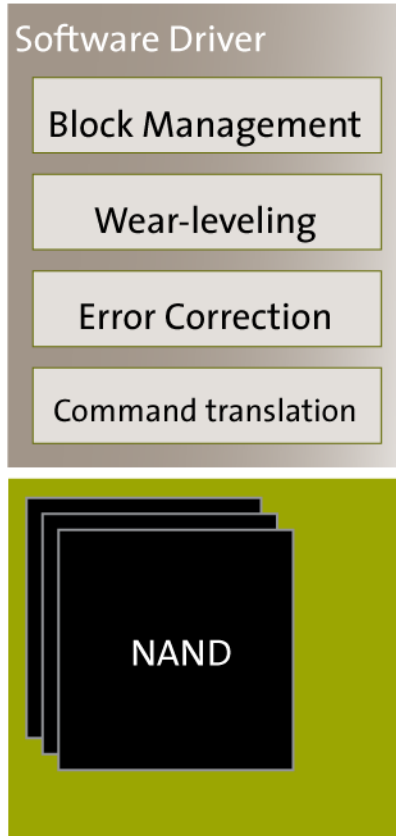
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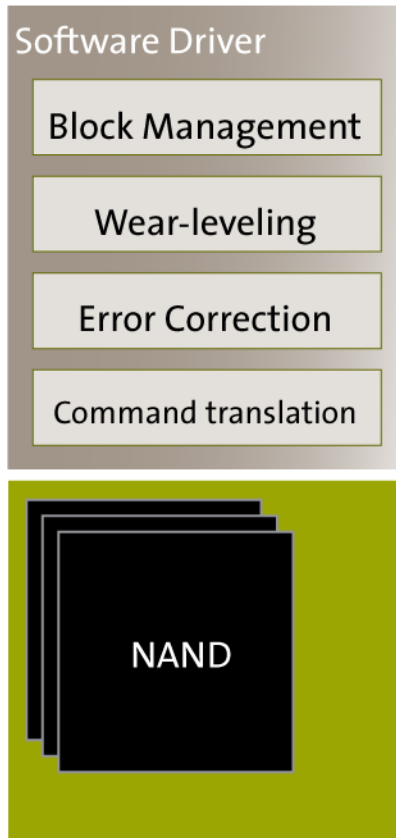
NAND Technology Options

Raw NAND

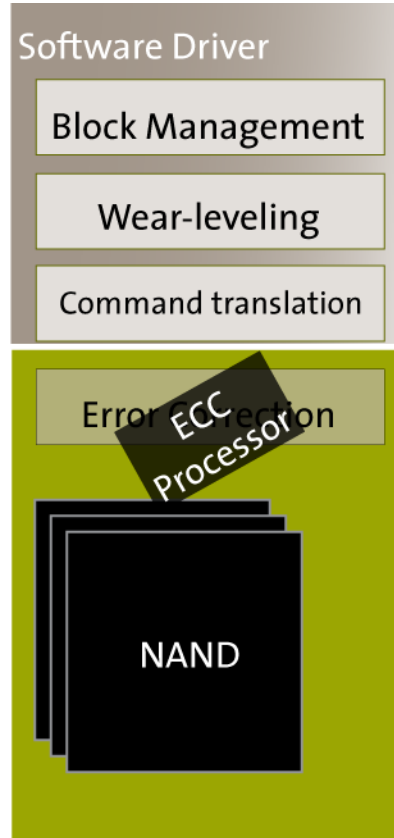


NAND Technology Options

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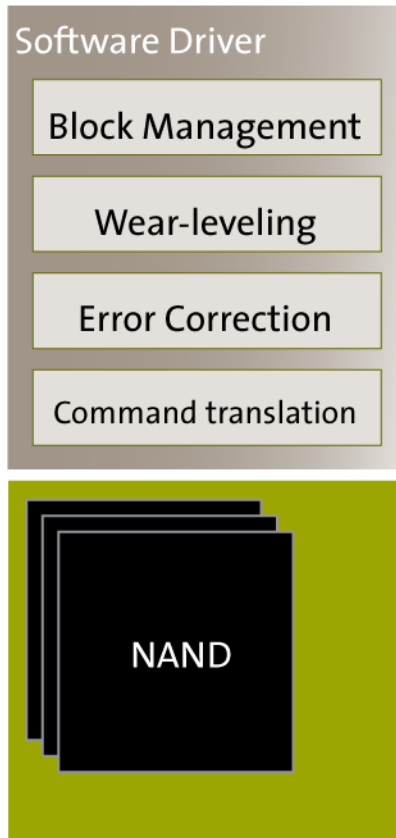


EZ NAND

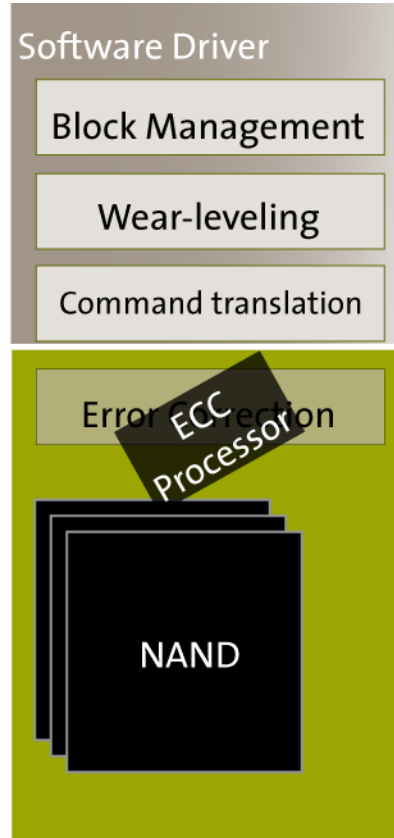


NAND Technology Options

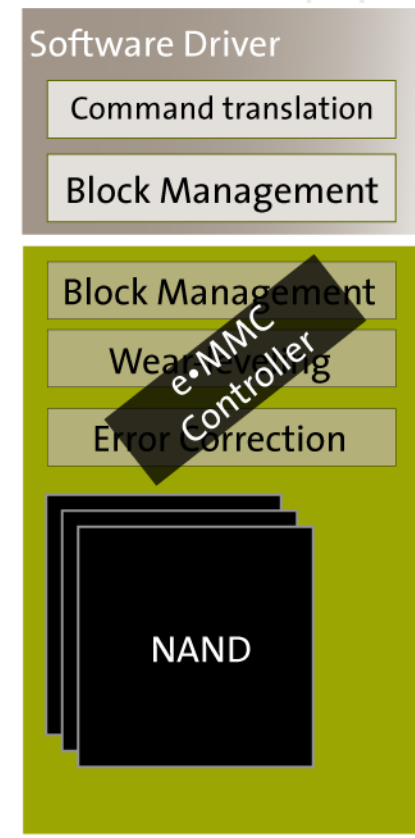
Raw NAND



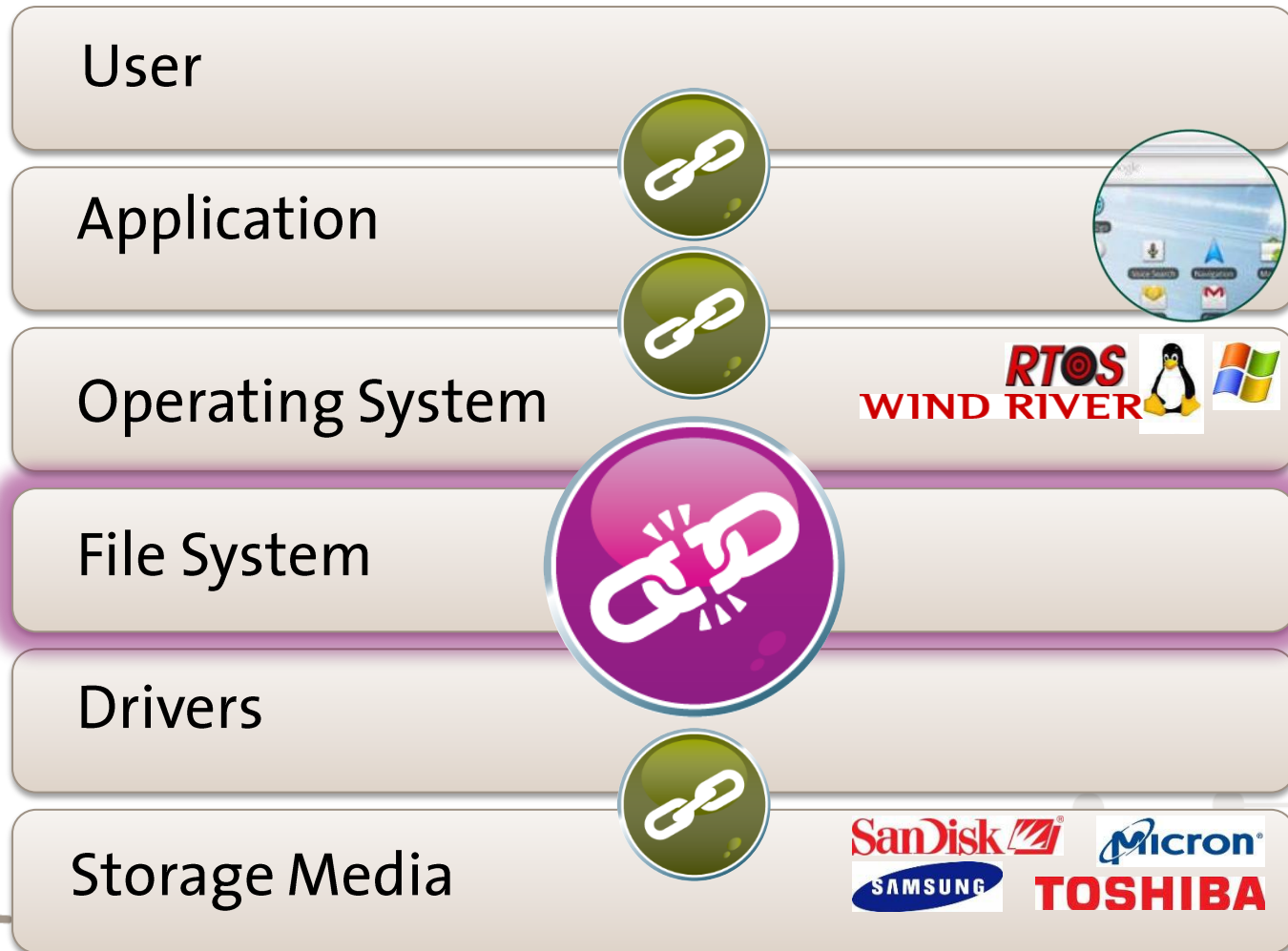
EZ NAND



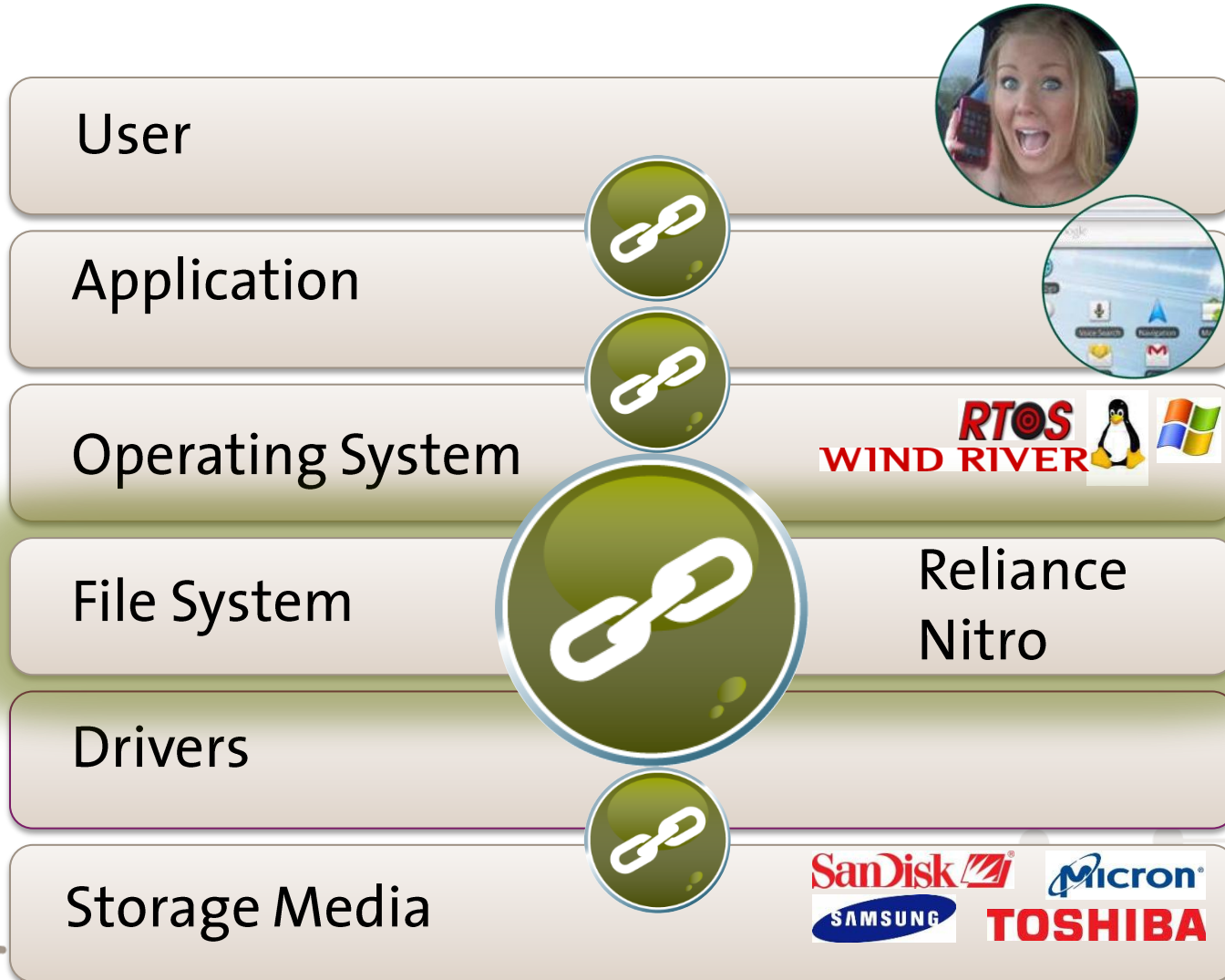
e•MMC



How do hardware features reach the user and improve their experience?



Top to Bottom Communication



e•MMC: Advantages & Challenges



Performance (ECC in package)
Identical Form Factor
Fast Development Time

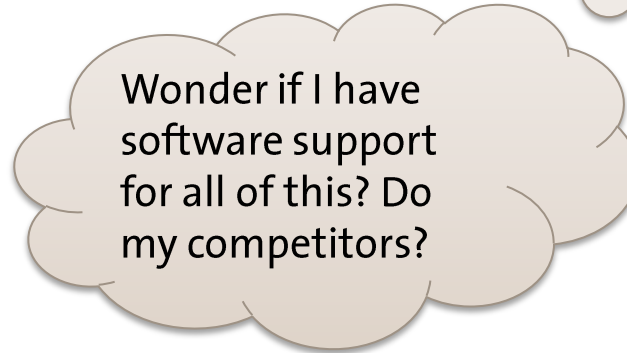
Bootable Partitions
Advanced Features

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eMMC: Advantages & Challenges



Performance (ECC in package)
Fast Development Time
Identical Form Factor
Bootable Partitions
Advanced Features



eMMC Specification Features

4.2

Read/Write

Discard

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eMMC Specification Features

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Read/Write

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4.3

Boot operation

Sleep mode

Reliable write

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Secure erase/trim

Replay protected block

Dual data rate

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High-priority interrupt

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Power-off notification

Dynamic device capacity

Non-persistent partition

Context-management

Sanitize

Real-time clock

Linux Driver Support

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Linux File System Support

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Dynamic device capacity

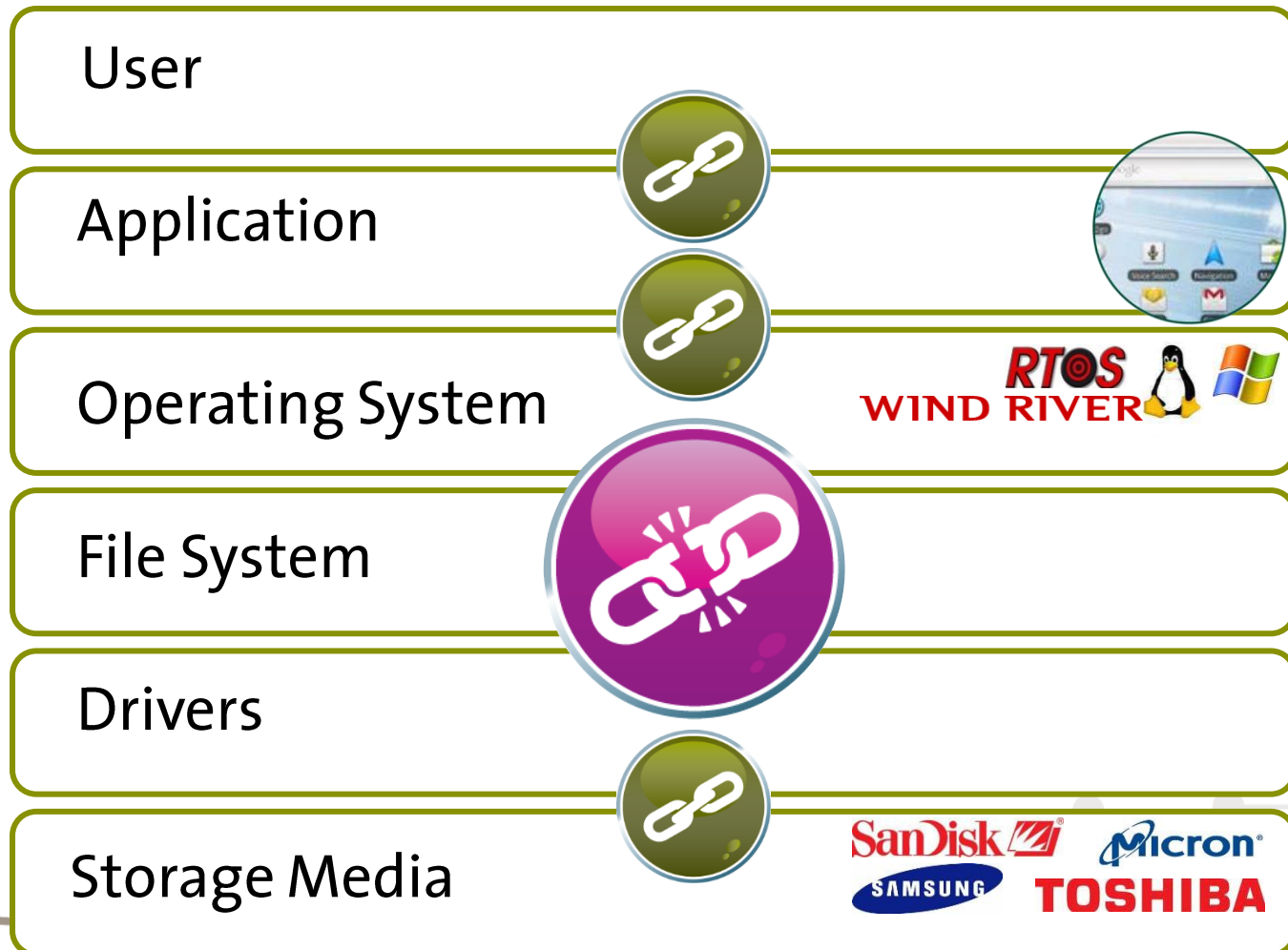
Non-persistent partition

Context-management

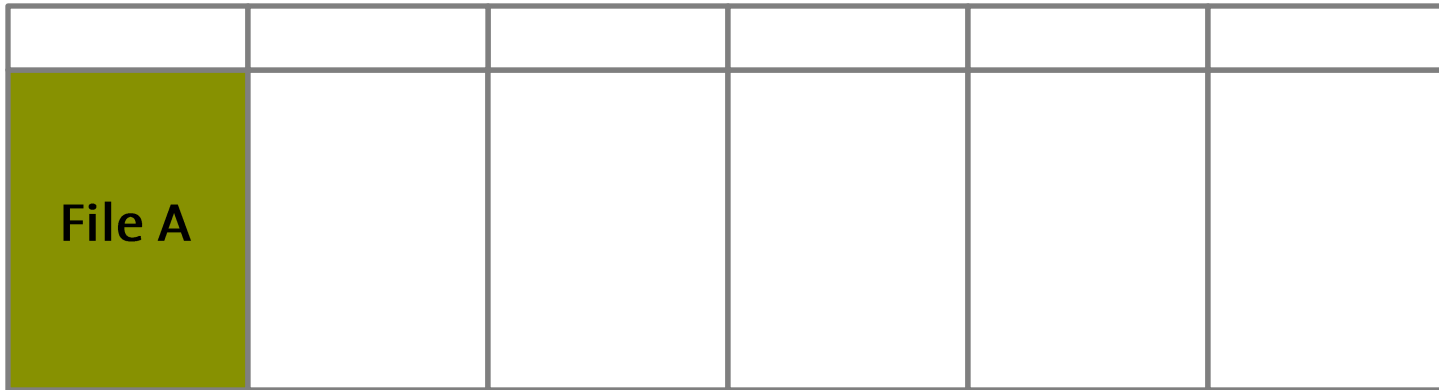
Sanitize

Real-time clock

Hardware disconnected from the user

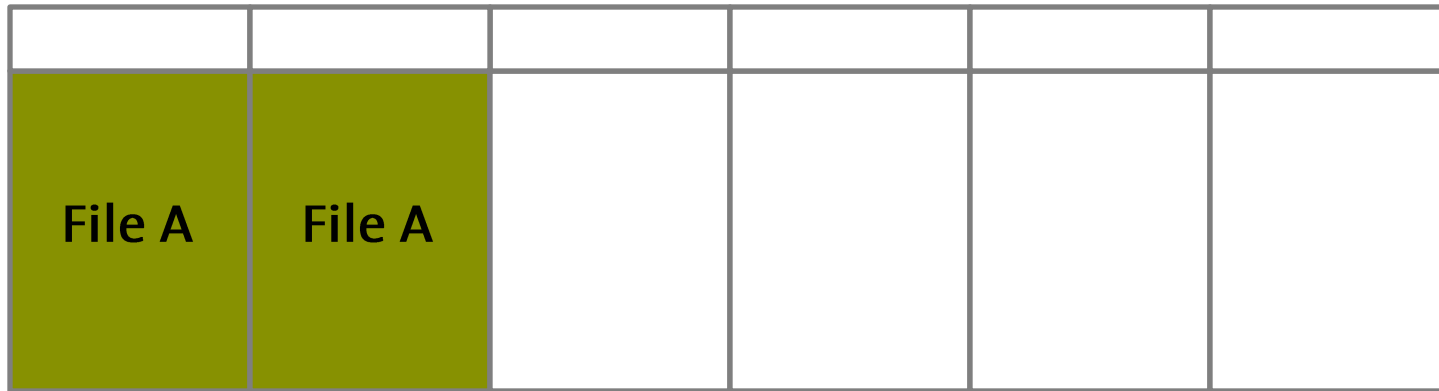


Secure Delete



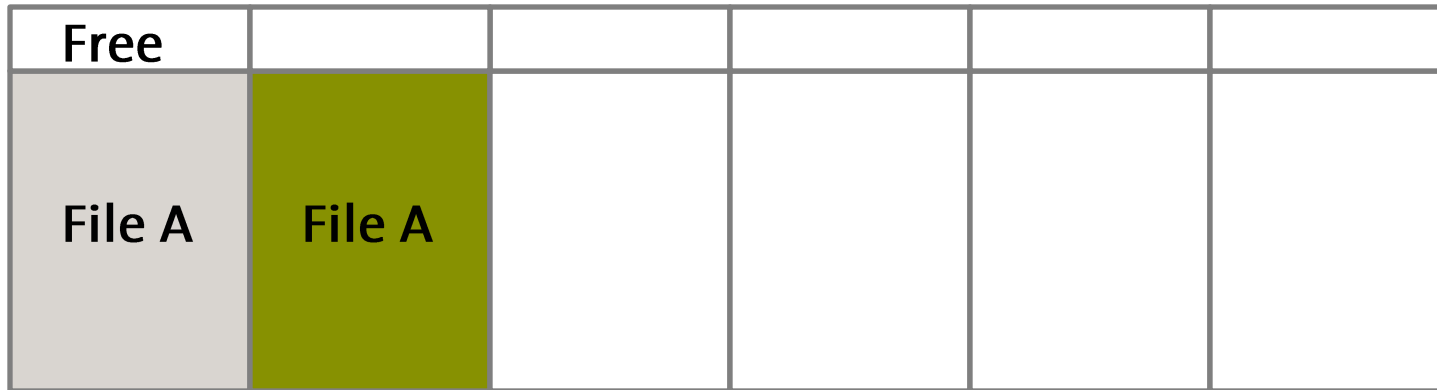
File A is written

Secure Delete



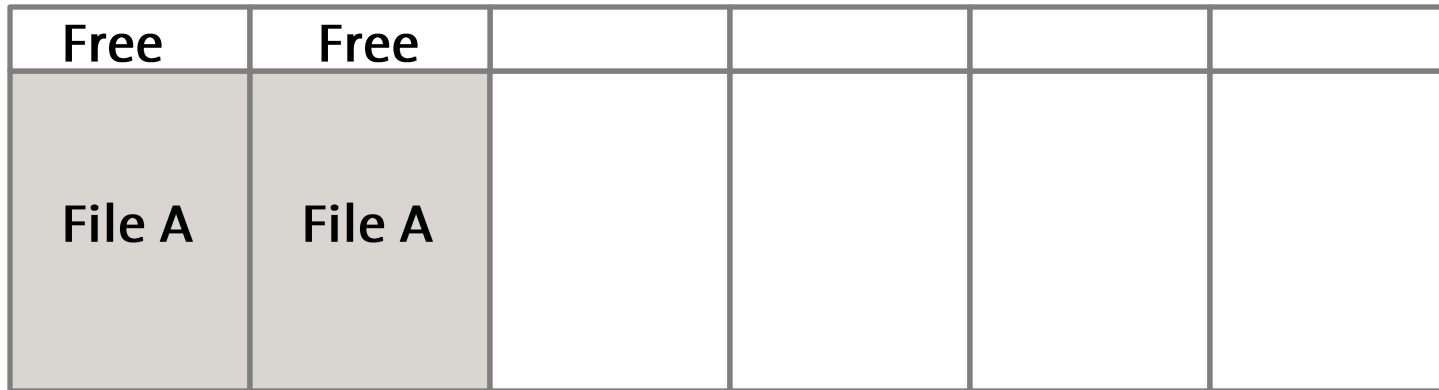
File A is modified

Secure Delete



Original location is marked “free”,
but copy of File A remains until free
block is erased

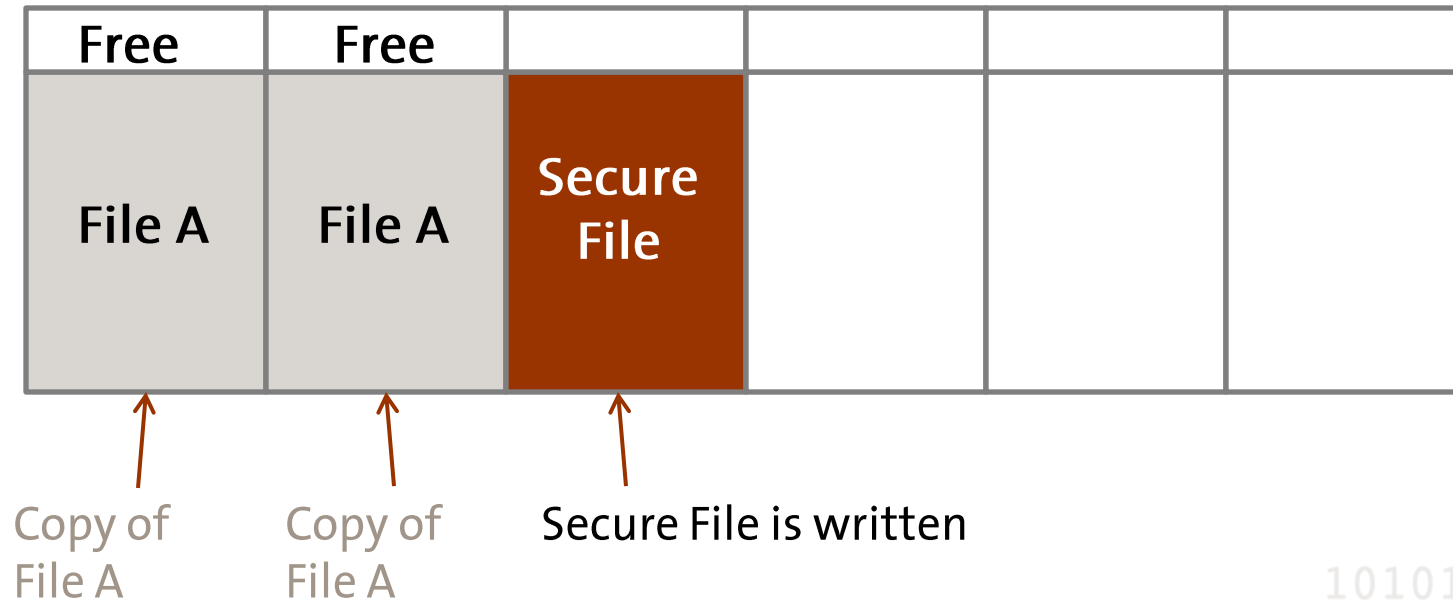
Secure Delete



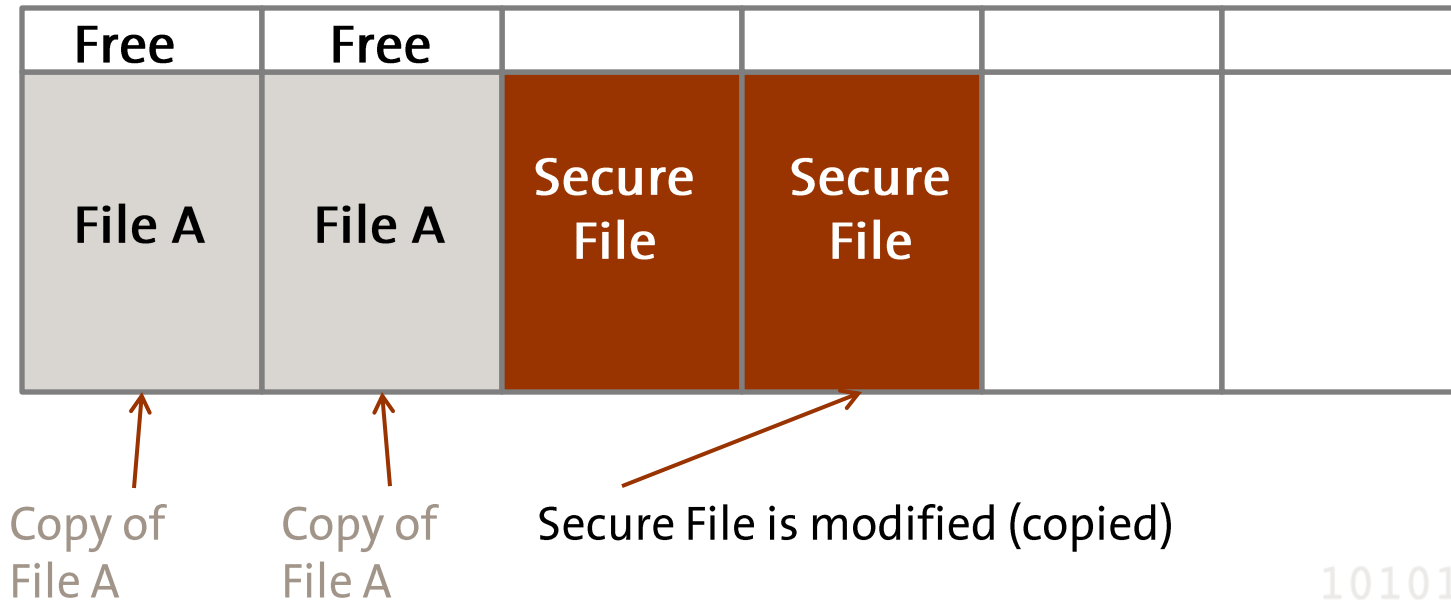
Copy of File A remains until free block is erased

Delete File A: Marks block as "free" but leaves a copy to be erased later

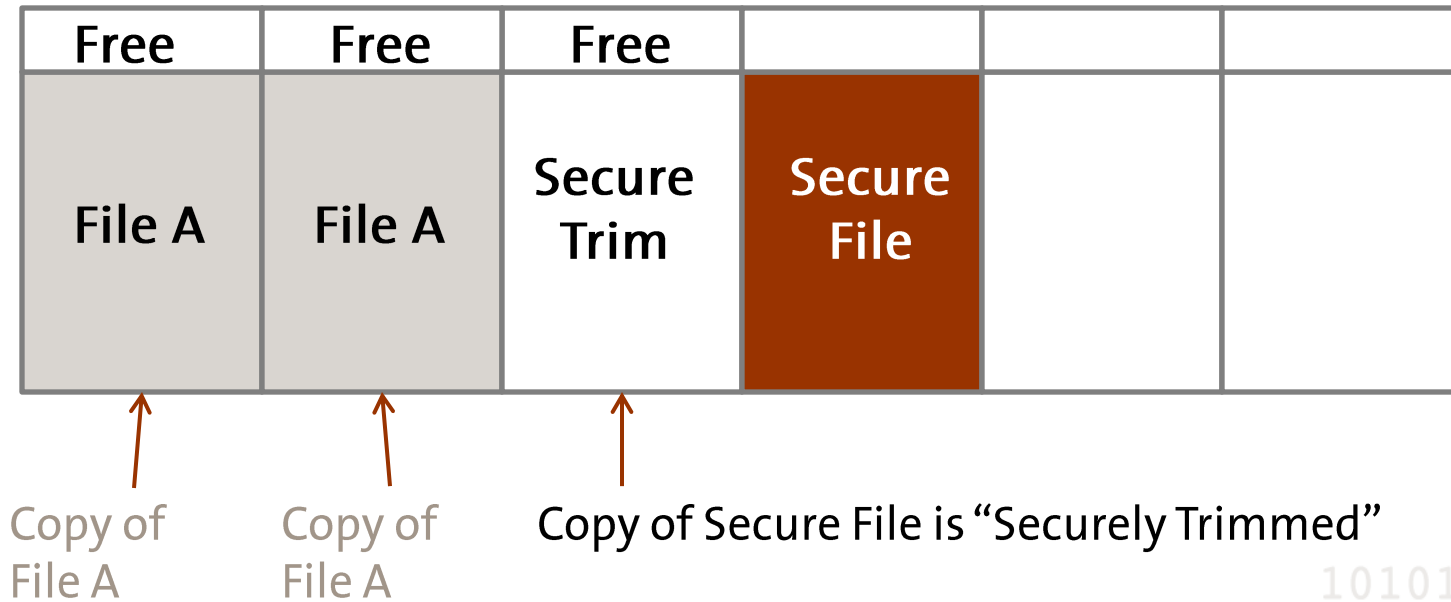
Secure Delete



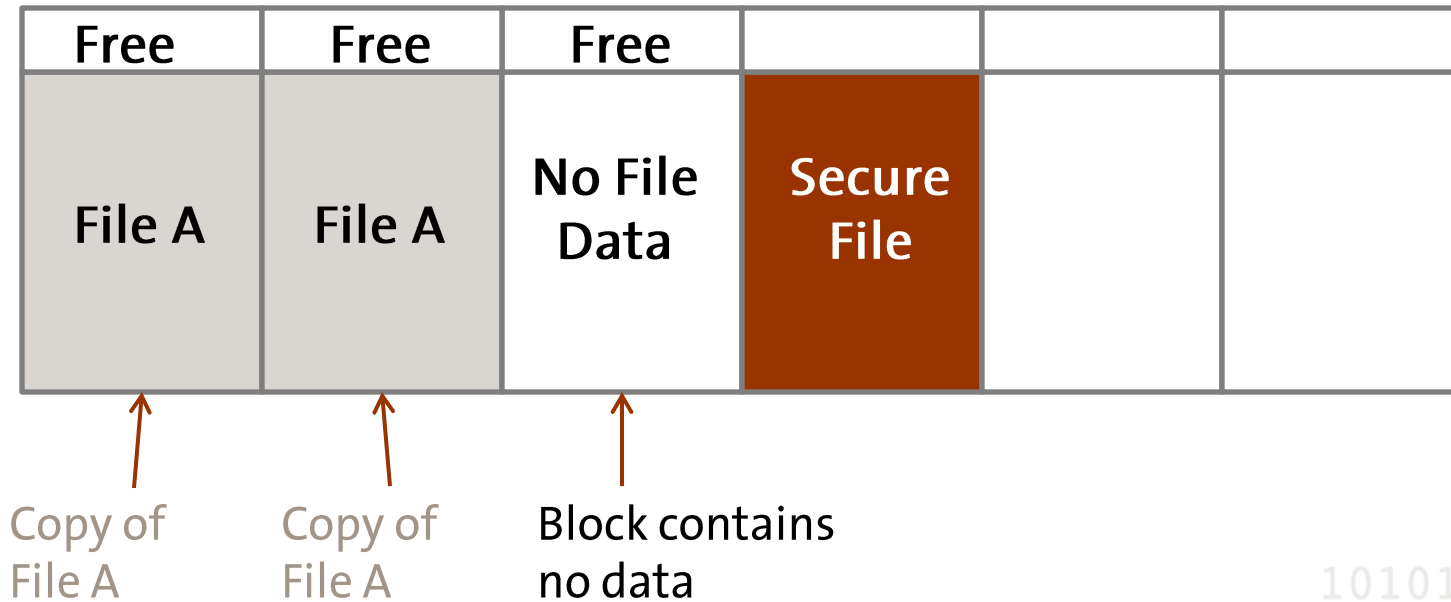
Secure Delete



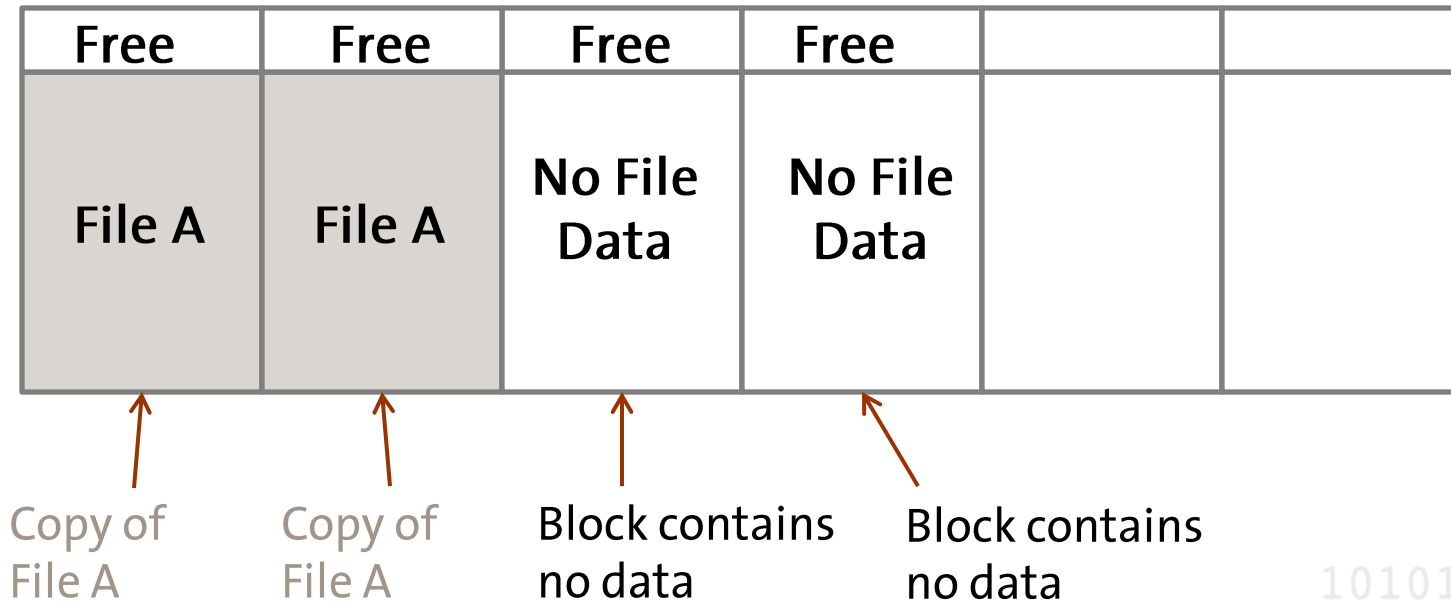
Secure Delete



Secure Delete



Secure Delete



eMMC: Advantages & Challenges

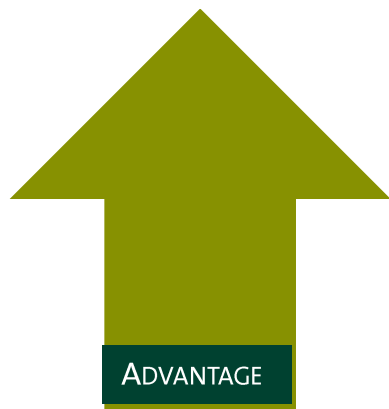


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- Identical Form Factor
- Bootable Partitions
- Advanced Features



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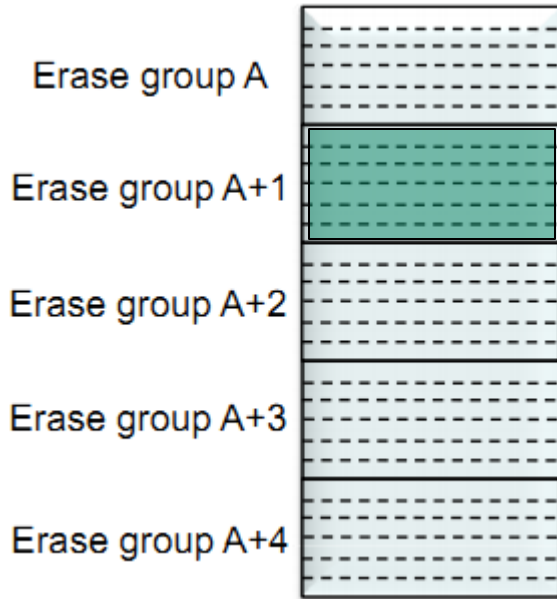
Performance (ECC in package)
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Limited Software Support
Optional Features
Variable Implementation
Write Amplification Factor

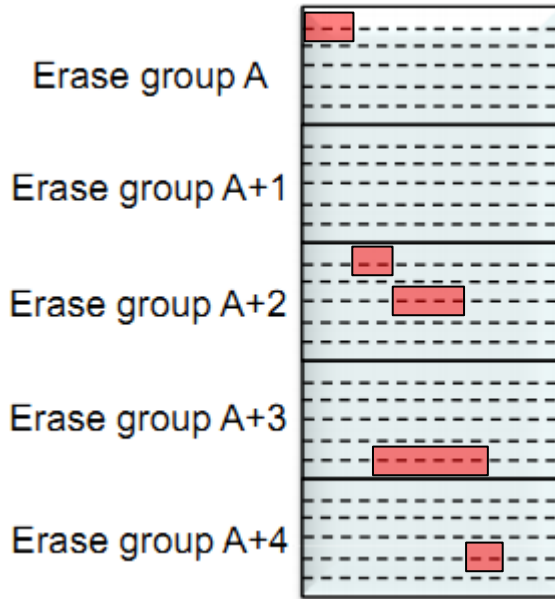
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Open Groups



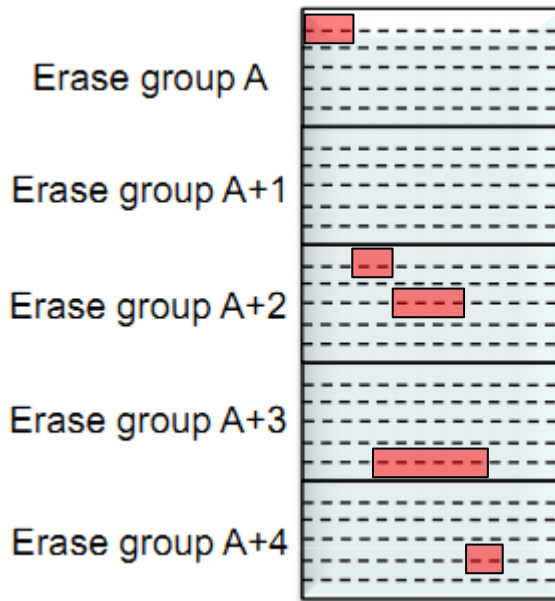
- Write only open groups
- Open Group count limited
- When Group Limit reached, one whole group must be written to media

Open Groups



- Random I/O writes to multiple groups

Open Groups



- Random I/O writes to multiple groups
- Different Devices have different Open Group characteristics

What is Write Amplification Factor?

Write Amplification Factor = $\frac{\text{Minimum Write Block Size}}{\text{Size of File Written}}$

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What is Write Amplification Factor?

Write Amplification Factor = $\frac{\text{Minimum Write Block Size}}{\text{Size of File Written}}$

Write Amplification Factor = $\frac{32\text{KB Page}}{2\text{KB File}} = 16$

What is Write Amplification Factor?

$$\text{Endurance} = \frac{\text{Erase Cycle Endurance}}{\text{Write Amplification Factor}}$$

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What is Write Amplification Factor?

$$\text{Endurance} = \frac{\text{Erase Cycle Endurance}}{\text{Write Amplification Factor}}$$

$$\text{Endurance} = \frac{1000}{16} = 62$$

Reliance Nitro 2.5 Paves the Way

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Resources

www.datalight.com/solutions/technologies/emmc

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