

Is The World Ready for ExaScale Flash?

Gary Lyng
Senior Director, Product Management & Marketing
SanDisk Corporation

Or Are We Already There?



Perspective: Market Rapidly Changing

connected, consolidation, convergence

Data creation & In Motion







Data creation & At Rest



154 Exabyte's by 2016*

50% of IT Spend & 100% of IT growth driven by* .. Mobile, Social, Cloud, Big Data /Analytics



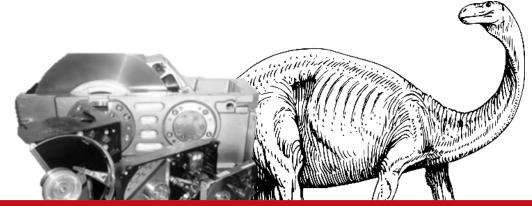
Traditional Technologies Simply Fail!

HDD challenges

- Must Design for Failure & Inefficiencies
- Forces massive redundancy in operations
- Creates more copies of data than needed
- Slows response times

HDD direction not addressing the problem

- Larger disks, longer the rebuild time
- Cloud drives, spin-down poor performance
- High redundancy still required



It's Time to Shift to a New Platform that Accelerates Innovation



Petabyte Capacity Flash is Inevitable

Challenges

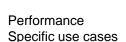
- Affordability & Cost of Ops
- Reliability
- Complexity creep
- Efficiency

HDD Arrays

- Quality of Service
- · Works at Scale

Augment with Basic Caching





The Hybrid



Capacity & Performance



Market Drivers-All Flash Arrays

- \$ per IOPS and latency
- Comparable \$ per GB to HDD
- Managed services and QoS
- \$ per rack density
- \$ per WATT
- \$ Power utilization efficiency



ExaScale Requires...









.. with Quality of Service

We Can Build it, So What's it good for?



Big Data Flash for ExaScale Workloads

Content Repository



- Large containers for long periods with on-demand rapid access
- Mixed Media container, Activearchiving, Backup, Locality of data

Big Data Analytics



- Hadoop, NoSQL
- Massive Read Intensive operations
- Time-to-Value & Time-to-Insight

Media Streaming



- High read intensive access from billions of edge devices
 - Hi-def video driving even greater demand for Capacity + Performance



Building Solutions for Massive DataSoftware-Defined Storage & Open Source

- Multi-protocol access to a common storage substrate
 - Block, Object and File interfaces
- Configurable Data Protection level
 - Local synchronous replication
 - Remove asynchronous replication
 - Erasure Coding
 - Natively understands physical failure domains
- No single point of failure
- Supports heterogeneous HW nodes

- By 2017 30% of all storage will be under openstack & 70% of all storage deployed will be on standard x86 hardware*
- openstack can be the API for the Data Center operating system
 - Vibrant community of contributors, supporters, consultants, add-ons, ...
 - Wide-spread adoption, and at very large scale (10,000+ nodes)
 - Expanding beyond service providers into enterprises









Perspective for Consideration

- 1) Cloud & Hyperscale Applications driving unprecedented data growth in both Structured and Unstructured data, demands a new approach to storage -- *Everything as a service with a service level objective*
- 2) Cost-optimize Capacity, Reliability and Performance
 - Favor scale-out over scale-up techniques
 - Simple, regular infrastructure leverages volume purchasing,
- 3) Must consider Real-World TCO not just \$/GB The Math is Compelling
- 4) Open-Source Software often has the highest rate of innovation, ride-it & contribute.
- 5) It is Your Right & Your Applications Right to have unprecedented QoS @Scale

Thank You & Enjoy the Show!

Questions?: gary.lyng@sandisk.com





linkedin.com/groups/Big-Data-Flash-6727304

